(d) the steps proposed to include State Governments in such committees?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) to (d) The Expert Committee on Tobacco has been constituted with medical scientists economists as well as representatives of Tobacco Board, Indian Tobacco Association and Director, Central Tobacco Research Institute as its members. They will be supported in conducting the study by information supplied by the concerned departments of the Governments.

मान्यता प्राप्त कर्मचारी संघ

2321. **श्री शिवचरण सिंह:** क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या केन्द्रीय सिविलसेवा (सेवा संघों की मान्यता) नियम, 1993 के लागू होने के समय कर्मचारियों के एक वर्ग का प्रतिनिधित्व करने वाले 3 से 6 तक की संख्या में "मान्यता प्राप्त" कर्मचारी संघ किसी विभाग अथवा प्रतिष्ठान में अस्तित्व में थे;

(ख) यदि हां, तो 35 प्रतिशत अथवा/और 15 प्रतिशत सदस्य संख्या (सदस्यता) सिद्ध करने के उद्देश्य से कर्मचारी संघों का चयन करने के लिए क्या मानदंड निर्धारित है; और

(ग) उसका क्या औचित्य है?

कार्मिक, लोक शिकायत तथा पेंशन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती मारग्रेट आल्वा): (क) चूंकि सेवा संघों को मान्यता संबंधित मंत्रालयों/विभागों द्वारा प्रदान की जाती है, अतः उनकी संरचना तथा मंत्रालयों/विभागों में संघों की संख्या के संबंध में ब्यौरे केन्द्रीयकृत रूप से उपलब्ध नहीं है।

(ख) केन्द्रीय सिविल सेवा (सेवा संगमों की मान्यता) नियम, 1993 के तहत, एक विशिष्ट मंत्रालय/विभाग द्वारा परिभाषित एक भिन्न श्रेणी के लिए केवल दो सेवा संघों को मान्यता दी जा सकती है चूंकि संघ, सामान्य सेवा हितों के उन्नयन और एक सदृश समूह के रूप में कार्य करने के उद्देश्य से बनाए जाते संघ, सामान्य सेवा हितों के उन्यन और एक सदृश समूह के रूप में कार्य करने के उद्देश्य से बनाए जाते हैं।

(ग) इसका उद्देश्य यह सुनिश्चित करना है कि इस प्रकार गए संघों की विशेषता प्रतिनिधित्व प्रदान करना हो और साथ ही अल्पमत को दबाया न जाए।

Shifting of firing practicing range

2322. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the newsitem captioned "Furore over Army's firing practice" as reported in Statesman dated 25th July, 1995;

(b) if so, the facts and details thereof;

(c) whether Government have any proposal to shift the existing practicing range in order to protect affected human lives and environment; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI MALLIKARJUN): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir, the newsitem was regarding Netarhat Field Firing Range, a range notified by Govt. of Bihar up to May 2002 for firing practices by the Army. A firing practice was planned on 3rd and 4th of August 1995 and civil administration was approached for clearance.This drew an adverse reaction from the civilian population and Press as reported in Statesman dated 25.7.95. To avoid any untoward incident, the scheduled firing practice was cancelled by the Army.

(c) and (d) No, Sir. However, because of continuing pressure from the local population against the use of the existing notified range, State Govt. of Bihar have indicated that they are identifying an alternative site in lieu of Netarhat Field Firing Range. No such proposal has yet been received by the Govt of India, from the State Govt.

Recommendations of Law Commission

2323. SHRI JAGMOHAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what are the items/subjects on which the Law Commission has made

recommendations to Government during 1st April, 1990 to 31st March, 1993; and

accept the recommendations contained in the report. Copies of the other reports have been furnished to the concerned Ministries for consideration.

(b) what are the decisions taken by Government on these recommendations?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW, JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ): (a) The information is given in the enclosed statement (*see* below);

(b) The recommendations contained in the 138th report of the Law Commission were examined and it was decided not to

Statement

Reports Submitted by the Law Commission during 1st April, 1990 to 31st March, 1993

Sl. No.	No. of the Report	Subject
1.	Hundred thirty seventh Report	Need for creating office of ombudsman and for evolving legislative-administrative measures inter alia to relieve hardships caused by inordinate delays in settling provident claims of beneficiaries.
2.	Hundred thirty eighth Report	Legislative protection for slum and pavement Dwellers
3.	Hundred thirty ninth Report	Urgent need to amend order XXI Rule 92(2), Code of Civil procedure to remove an anomaly which nullified the benevolent intention of the legislature and occessions injustice to judgment-debtors sought to be benefitted.
4.	Hundred forteith Report	Need to amend order V, Rule 19A of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908, relating to service of summons by registered post with a view to foreolose likely injustice.
5.	Hundred forty first Report	Need for amending the law as regards power of courts to restore criminal revisional applications and criminal cases dismissed for default in appearance.
6.	Hundred Forty second Report	Concessional Treatment for offenders who on their own initiative choose to plead guilty without any bargaining.
7.	Hundred forty third Report	Legislative safeguards for protecting the small depositors from exploitation.
8.	Hundred forty fourth Report	Conflicting Judicial decisions pertaining to the code of Civil Procedure, 1908.
9.	Hundred forty fifth Report	Article 12 of the Constitution and public sector undertakings.
10.	Hundred forty sixth Report	Sale of Women and Children Proposed section 373-A, Indian Penal Code.